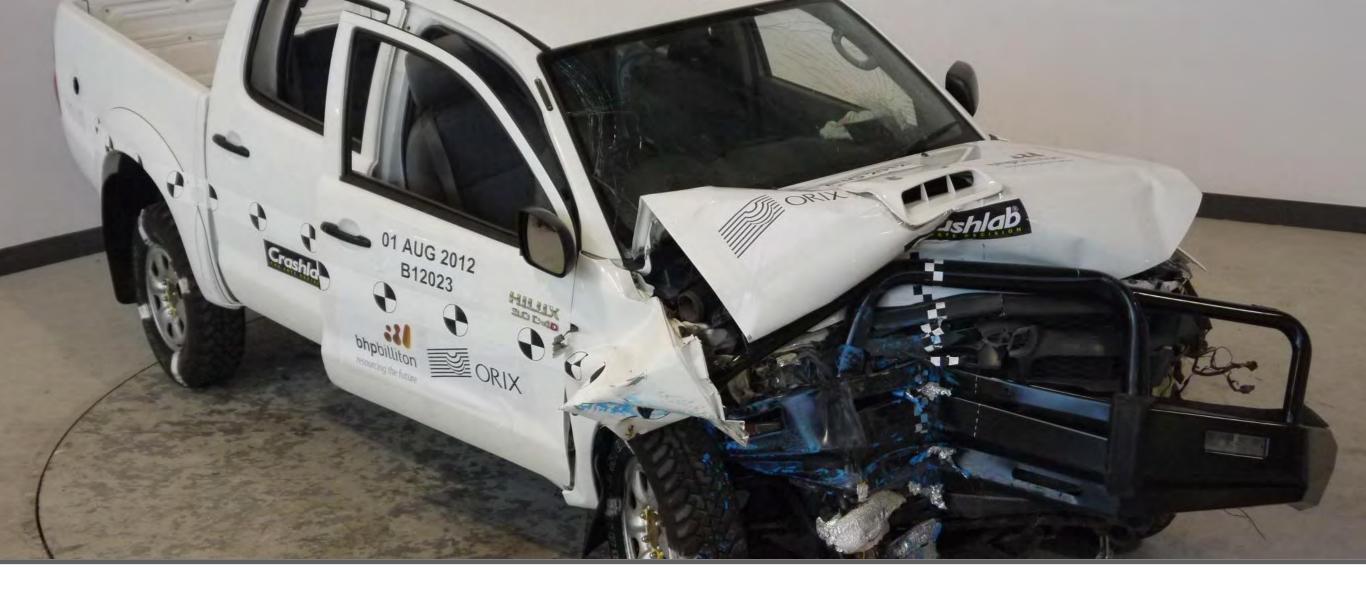
# The context

- Light Vehicle (LV) incidents feature high in ICMM member company safety statistics
- Industry adding safety features to LVs with modest inherent safety
- Conducted physical crash tests at independent expert laboratory on four vehicles – three with ROPS, one without
- Results were a little surprising
- New BHP Billiton LV standard requires 5 Star NCAP LVs and prohibits fitting aftermarket equipment such as ROPS and bullbars.





# Light Vehicles (LV) Safety built in, not bolted on

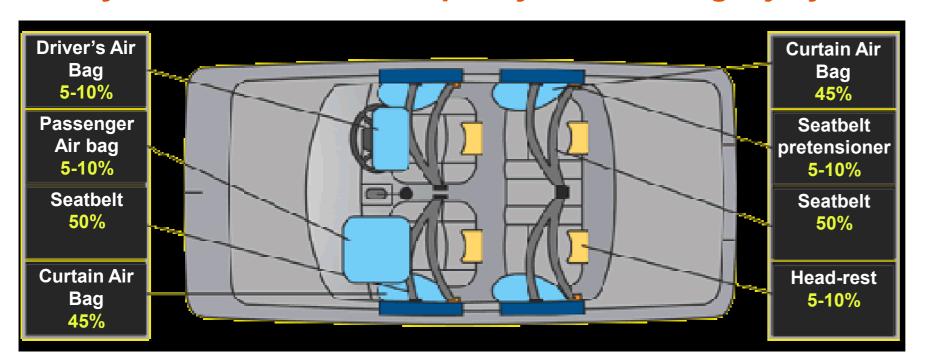
David Jenkins Vice President Safety & Security, Group HSEC 15 November 2012



# Vehicle safety features and their impact



#### Safety features and their capacity for reducing injury (1)



# US research<sup>(2)</sup> shows Electronic Stability Control (ESC) reduces the risk of:

- Single vehicle fatal crashes by 49%
- Single 4WD fatal crashes by 53%
- 4WD rollover crashes resulting in fatality by 75%

<sup>(1)</sup> Folksam Research, 2005, Sweden

<sup>(2)</sup> Farmer, C.M. (2010) Effects of Electronic Stability Control on Fatal Crash Risk. Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, USA

## **New Car Assessment Programme (NCAP)**



#### **Multiple NCAPs around world:**

Australia ANCAP

China
 CNCAP

Japan JNCAP

Korea KNCAP

USA NHTSA / IIHS

Latin America Latin NCAP

Europe Euro NCAP

SE Asia SEA NCAP

Rest of World Global NCAP

#### Vehicles undergo physical crash testing

- Awarded star rating from 1 (worst) to 5 (best)
- Each extra star = 10% reduction in fatal injury
- Real world road crash data supports the rating system
- Regular safety improvements required to maintain 5 star safety rating



#### **Past**



- High number of LV incidents
- Vehicle rollover fatalities but none in recent years
- >90% BHP Billiton LVs no
   Electronic Stability Control (ESC),
   dual frontal or side air bags and
   some models no ABS
- ~30% Australian LVs were 3 star ANCAP
- 5 Star ANCAP cab chassis LVs only available since 2011
- Lower manufacturer safety specifications in different countries
- Industry approach was to retrofit rollover protection (ROPS)
- Safety "mission creep"
- Cost of complex compliance



#### Recent research

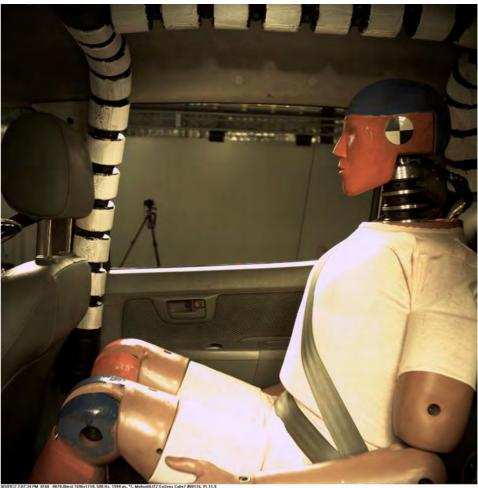


- Commissioned Crashlab NSW to undertake crash tests on four end-of-lease Toyota Hilux dual cabs
- Aim was to assess if internal ROPS contributed to injury outcomes to vehicle occupants in various crash scenarios:
  - Three vehicles fitted with ROPS, one without
  - All vehicles fitted with steel bull bar
- Tests:
  - 64kmph frontal offset
  - 50kmph side impact
  - 75kmph corkscrew rollover
    - One vehicle with ROPS
    - One vehicle without ROPS

# Crashlab video – Frontal offset test (64kmph)

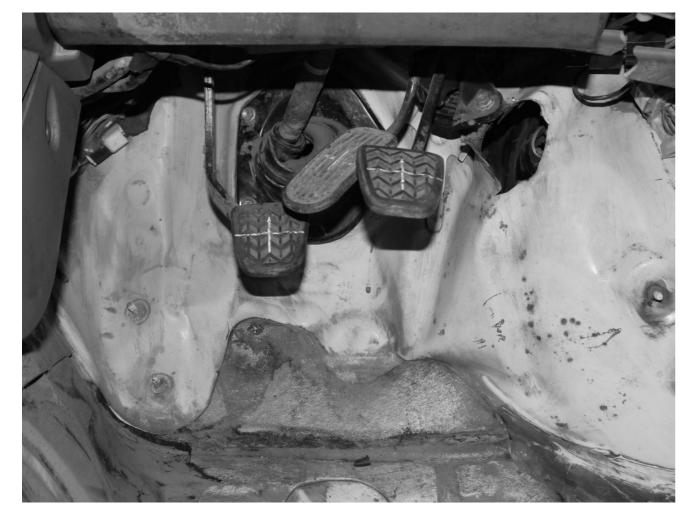






### With and without bullbar





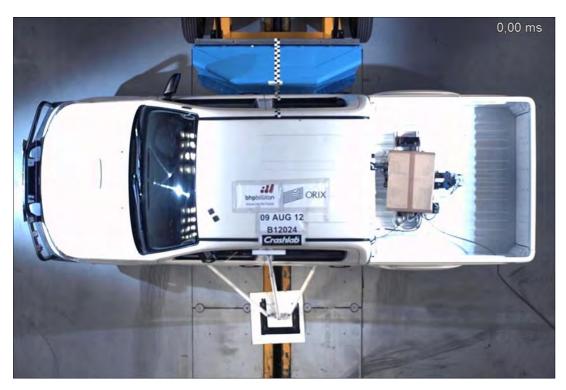


With bullbar (Footwell intrusion / pedal displacement)

Without bullbar (No footwell intrusion / negligible pedal displacement)

# Crashlab video – Side impact test (50kmph)







# Crashlab video – Rollover with and without ROPS (75kmph)





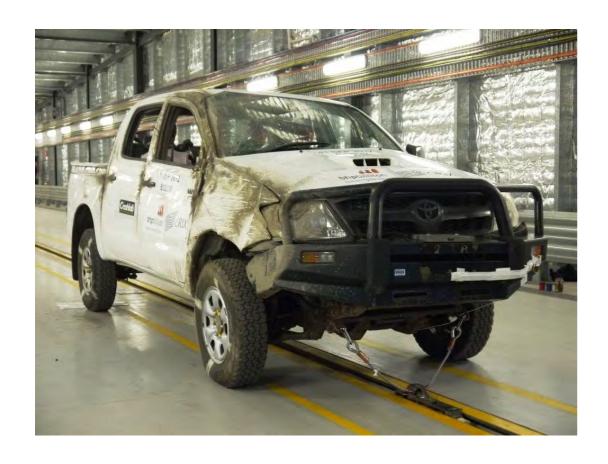


With ROPS - 180° rollover

Without ROPS - 90° rollover

# Crashlab video – Rollover +35kgs added to roofline (75kmph)







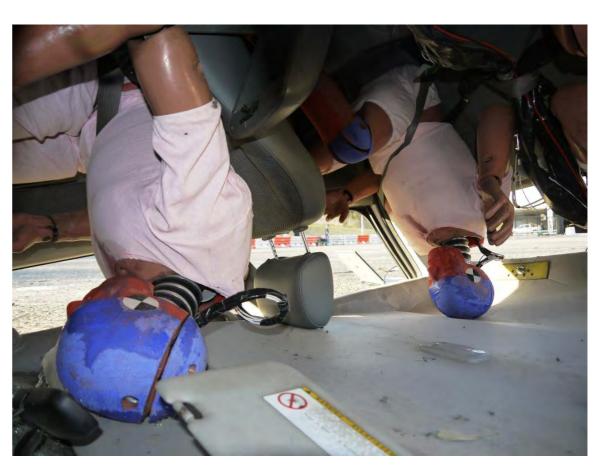
LV without ROPS after 1st test

2<sup>nd</sup> test - 180<sup>0</sup> rollover

# Crashlab video – Rollover with and without ROPS (75kmph)







With ROPS

**Without ROPS** 

## With and without ROPS







With ROPS

**Without ROPS** 

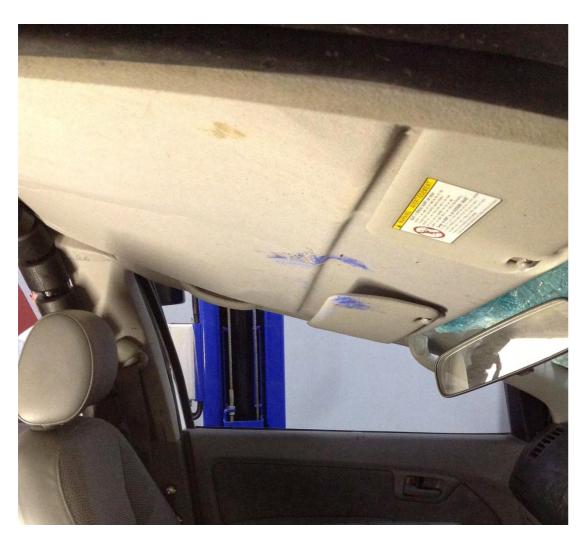
#### Crashlab results



- The bull bar caused footwell intrusion and displacement of pedals not present in 2006 ANCAP test of same model without bullbar
- The internal ROPS demonstrated no real reduction to potential serious head and spinal injuries to front seat occupants in the crash configurations
- ROPS designed to accommodate deployment of side curtain air bags would potentially represent a significant increase in the risk of serious head or brain injuries to rear seat occupants in a frontal crash
- The ROPS structure appeared to increase propensity for vehicle rollover by increasing the centre of gravity height;

## Crash tests versus 'real world' incident





**Testing** (75kmph 'corkscrew rollover)

Real world (90-100kmph sideways trip rollover)

# **New Light Vehicle Requirements**



- Require all new BHP Billiton owned or leased light vehicles (excluding light vehicles dedicated and modified for underground use) to have a 5 Star New Car Assessment Programme (NCAP) safety rating.
- Prohibit installation of aftermarket equipment to 5 Star NCAP vehicles (other than special purpose light vehicles such as hi-rails and ambulances) except where necessary to meet the requirements of Appendix 2 for visibility and communications equipment:
  - Reflective stripes / Vehicle number / Flashing light assembly on roof / Buggy flag;
  - Two-way radio;
  - Appropriate tray;
  - Must not must not affect stability or reduce 5 Star NCAP safety rating.
- Transition all light vehicles to a 5 Star NCAP safety rating by 1/1/2016
- Aftermarket defined as: Equipment supplied by other than the vehicle manufacturer. Does not include manufacturer-supplied accessories and manufacturer options fitted at the dealership.

#### Reaction from vehicle manufacturers?



Australian Toyota Hilux - currently 4 Star ANCAP.

In early 2012, Toyota Motor Corporation Australia (TMCA) was able to negotiate an improved Australia Hilux safety specification to provide a 5 Star ANCAP safety rating from late 2013.

The Land Cruiser 200 series will also achieve a 5 Star ANCAP rating in Q1 2013.

#### Quote from TMCA:

"The key drivers for TMCA to make these changes to the current Hilux were as a result of BHP Billiton's decision to introduce a 5 star vehicle policy.

This introduction would also have a large impact on contractors and the support businesses to the mining industry as a whole.

Toyota Australia is committed to vehicle safety and the decision to make this safety improvement early shows this support."

#### **Future**



BHP Billiton owns / leases ~10,000 LVs globally.

In Australia alone, BHP Billiton LV standards influence 45-50,000 LVs

In dialogue with key vehicle manufacturers on topics such as:

- NCAP standards to apply across global production platforms;
- What safety technologies are in production or under development;
- Can we get this technology installed in LVs (currently aimed at sedans).

Current safety technologies of interest are:

- Intelligent ignition keys;
- Factory-fitted IVMS with internal & external video loop;
- Fatigue detection technology.

# **Simplicity**



- Purchasing the safest vehicles available
- Not spending our time and money altering vehicle designs
- Allowing our people to focus on our core business
- Helping our contractors to comply with LV standards quickly and simply
- Leave vehicle safety to the experts vehicle manufacturers

# Better safety, less complexity, lower cost



# Takeaway points

- Fitting aftermarket safety equipment may have adverse consequences
- Leave vehicle safety to the experts vehicle manufacturers
- It is possible to significantly influence vehicle manufacturers
- The starting point should be providing the safest LV (5 Star NCAP)
- By referencing NCAP we are tied to a continually improving standard developed by experts in conjunction with LV manufacturers
- Simplicity has provided improved safety, less complexity, lower costs and greater flexibility to our operations and contractors

